

Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dyna-Plex 21C Draw-Tek 750

Liquid Product Code: 14866

Miller Industrial Fluids, A PetroChoice Company 1751 W. Raymond Street Indianapolis, Indiana 46221 Website: www.petrochoice.com

1-317-634-7300 Telephone
1-800-424-9300 US, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Island - Emergency telephone (CHEMTREC)
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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS Status:

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture:

Skin Sensitization - Category 1

GHS Label Elements

Hazard Pictogram:



Signal Word: Hazard Statement: WARNING H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction

Precautionary Statements

General:	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention:	Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response:	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs, seek medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage:	Not applicable
Disposal:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other Hazards:	None known

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name: None Formula: Mixture Other means of identification: None CAS Number/other identifiers: Not applicable

Component	CAS Number	Concentration %
Alkanes, chloro	61788-76-9	10-30
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy napthenic	64742-52-5	10-30
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	9016-45-9	1-5
4-(2-Nitrobutyl)morpholine	2224-44-4	0.1-1
2,2',2"-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl) triethanol	4719-04-4	0.1-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed:

Potential acute health effects:

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Inhalation:** No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact:** May cause an allergic skin reaction. **Ingestion:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over exposure signs/symptoms:

Eye Contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Inhalation:** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Irritation Redness

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing air to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special measures are required.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from unwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: See Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient Name	Exposure Limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013)
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013)
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist

Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Recommended: Oil impervious gloves.

Body protection: Recommended: Oil impermeable apron.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Amber, Dark Physical state: Liquid Odor: Petroleum Odor Threshold: Not available pH: 8.5-9.5 Melting point/freezing point: 0°C (32°F) Initial boiling point and boiling range: 270°C (518°F) Flash point (Cleveland Open Cup): 171.11°C (340°F) Evaporation rate: Not available Flammability (solid, gas): Not available Lower/upper flammability or explosive limits: Lower: 0.9%; Upper: 7% Vapor pressure: <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) [40°C] Vapor density: >1 [Air = 1] Relative density: 1.1 Solubility: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available Auto-ignition Temperature: 260°C (500°F) Decomposition Temperature: Not available Viscosity: Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
2,2',2"-(Hexahydro-1,3,5- triazine-1,3, 5-triyl)triethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	763 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Skin – Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	Eye – Severe irritant	Guinea Pig	-	20 mg	-
	Eye – Severe irritant	Mouse	-	20 mg	-
	Eye – Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin – Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 15 mg Intermittent 500 mg	-

Sensitization: There is no data available

Carcinogenicity: No data available

Classification:

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	-	-	-	A4	-	-

Specific Target Organ Toxicity:

Single Exposure: There is no data available

Repeated Exposure: There is no data available

Aspiration hazard:

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Ingestion.

Potential Acute Health Effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 12 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.23 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.148 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4700 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 35 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oryzias latipes - Fry	100 days
4-(2-Nitrobutyl)morpholine	Acute EC50 352 ppb Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.2 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Tisbe battagliai	48 hours
	Acute LC50 750 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2,2',2"-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-	Acute EC50 26.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours 96
triazine-1,3, 5-triyl)triethanol	Acute LC50 39 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	hours

Persistence and Degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative Potential:

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2,2',2"-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-	-2	-	low
triazine-1,3, 5-triyl)triethanol			

Mobility in Soil: No data available

Other Adverse Effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkanes, chloro). Marine pollutant (Alkanes, chloro)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkanes, chloro). Marine pollutant (Alkanes, chloro)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkanes, chloro
Transport hazard class(es)			
Packaging Group	ш	ш	ш
Environmental hazards	Yes	Yes	Yes
Additional information	Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials unless transported by inland waterway. The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

14866 Dyna-Plex 21C Draw-Tek 750

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code: Not available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations	 TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules: Alkanes, chloro TSCA 4(a) final test rules: 2,2',2"-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: Alkanes, chloro TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Alkanes, chloro; Nonylphenol, ethoxylated; 1-Nitropropane TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Alkanes, chloro Commerce control list precursor: 2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
Clean Air Act Section 112: (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602: Class I Substances	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602: Class II Substances	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals: (Precursor Chemicals)	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals: (Essential Chemicals)	Not listed
SARA 302/304:	
Composition/Information on Ing	gredients
SARA 304 RQ: Not applicable	

SARA Hazard Categories (311/312)

Classification: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on Ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	1-5	No	No	No	Yes	No
4-(2-Nitrobutyl)morpholine	0.1-1	No	No	No	Yes	No
2,2',2"-(Hexahydro-1,3,5- triazine-1,3,5-triyl) triethanol	0,1-1	No	No	No	Yes	No

State Regulations

Massachusetts: None of the components are listed

New York: None of the components are listed

New Jersey: The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: Oils, lard

California Proposition 65

No products were found.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Key to abbreviations:

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

The information and recommendations contained within this document are believed by PetroChoice to be accurate and reliable as of the date prepared. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and analysis and in no way guarantee the chemical specifications for the specified product. It is solely the responsibility of the user to determine safe conditions for use of this product and to assume liability for any loss, damage or expense arising out of the product's improper use. The user should consider the information in this document in the context of how the selected product will be handled and used in conjunction with other products. It is the user's responsibility to determine that the product is suitable for the intended use.

Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to all handlers and users. PetroChoice assumes no responsibility for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices within this document.

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