



Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dyna-Plex 21C Rigel SAE 90, 85W-140

Gear Oil

Heavy Duty Petroleum Lubricant

Product Code: D2310

Universal Lubricants, A PetroChoice Company

2824 N Ohio Street

Wichita, Kansas 67219

Website: www.petrochoice.com

1-800-444-6457 Telephone

1-316-832-3627 Product Information telephone

1-800-633-8253 US, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Island - Emergency telephone (PERS)

+1-801-629-0667 International / Maritime Emergency telephone (PERS)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA/HCS Status:

While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of this product.

Physical Hazards: Not classified

Health Hazards: Not classified

Environmental Hazards: Not classified

Signal Word: No signal word

Hazard Statement: No known significant effects or critical hazards

GHS Symbol: *No Symbol*

Precautionary Statements

General:	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product information at hand.
Prevention:	Not applicable
Response:	Not applicable
Storage:	Not applicable
Disposal:	Not applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms: Heavy Duty Petroleum Lubricant, Gear Oil

Formula: Mixture

Molecular Weight: Variable

Component	CAS Number	Concentration %
Base Lubricating Oils Mixture		90-95
Extreme Pressure Additive	Trade Secret	5-10
Tackifier Agent	Trade Secret	<1.0
Anti-Foam Agent	Trade Secret	<1.0

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eyes

Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of fresh water and continue flushing until irritation subsides. Remove contact lenses, if present, and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

Inhalation

If breathing difficulty exists, remove individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Seek medical attention.

Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated area repeatedly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation develops.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin Injection

If product is injected into or under skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂) or water spray or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools of oil liquid since this may spread fire.

Specific hazards from combustion

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aldehydes, hydrocarbons, oxides of sulfur, nitrogen, phosphorus and other oxides may be products of combustion.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear full firefighting turn-out gear (full bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA).

Firefighting instructions

Cool fire exposed containers with water spray and avoid spreading burning material with water used for cooling purposes.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions and Protective equipment

Personal Protection, see section 8. Evacuate surrounding area. Keep unnecessary personnel from entering. Any individual not wearing protective equipment should not enter spill or contaminated area until all clean-up has been completed.

Emergency procedures

For personal emergency procedures see section 4. For fire emergency procedures see section 5. Contain spilled oil liquid if possible without posing any risk or personal injury.

Environmental precautions

Prevent spreading over a wide area. Contain spill immediately. Contact appropriate authorities of spill. Do not allow spill to enter sewer system, drains of any kind, surface water or water courses. Avoid flushing to such areas as well.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up or absorb with appropriate inert materials such as, sand, clay, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust, paper fiber etc. Large spills may be picked up using vacuum pumps, shovels, buckets or other means of transfer and placed into drums or any other approved and suitable containers.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Conditions for safe storage

Store in only approved and marked containers. Keep containers closed when not in use and during transportation. Keep containers away from flame or other ignition sources.

Incompatibilities

Strong oxidizing agents, acids, halogens.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OSHA Final: (PEL)

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV)

5.00 mg/m³ suggested for oil mist.

Respiratory protection

If vapor mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, use approved respiratory protection. All respirators must be NIOSH certified. Fit testing may be required before use. Do not use compressed oxygen in hydrocarbon atmospheres. Adequate ventilation in accordance with good engineering practices must be provided to maintain concentrations below the specified exposure or flammable limits.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated exposures hand protection is required. Wear chemical resistant gloves suitable for the product, contact your safety department or supplier to determine the proper hand protection.

Eye protection

Not required under normal conditions of use. If material is handled such that it could be splashed or misted into eyes, wear plastic face shield or splash resistant safety goggles or glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection

For prolonged or repeated exposures, use impervious clothing (boots, gloves, aprons, bibs, etc.) over parts of the body subject to exposure. Contact your facility safety department or safety supplier to determine the proper protective equipment for your use.

Hygiene measures

Thoroughly wash contaminated areas of the body which may have been exposed with soap and water. Do not use contaminated clothing, launder clothing before reuse. Properly dispose of contaminated clothing or articles that cannot be laundered such as leather gloves, boots, etc. Wash thoroughly before handling food and beverages. Food and beverage consumption should be avoided in work areas where hydrocarbons are present.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear, amber

Physical state: Heavy liquid

Odor: Lubricating Oil

Specific gravity (H₂O=1): 0.8956

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point (Cleveland Open Cup): 216°C, (420°F)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: No data available

Vapor pressure: Not determined

Solubility in water: Not soluble in water

Percent volatile: Negligible

Liquid density: Not determined

Evaporation rate: Not determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: May react strong with oxidizing agents.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, open flames, oxidizing materials and mist.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acids, halogens.

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other oxides may be generated as products of combustion.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity: No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity: No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Biodegradability: No data available

Bioaccumulation: No data available

Toxicity to fish: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: No data available

Toxicity to algae: No data available

Toxicity to bacteria: No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal methods

All disposals must comply with federal, state and local regulations. Spilled or discarded material may be a regulated waste. Refer to state and local regulations. If other material was used during cleanup efforts the resultant mixture may be regulated.

Empty Containers

Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Road/Rail/Waterways: Not dangerous/hazardous goods

Transport Canada Road/Rail/Waterways: Not dangerous/hazardous goods

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Federal Regulatory Status

Notification Status

EINECS All components listed

DSL All components listed

TSCA All components listed

SARA Hazard Categories (311/312)

No SARA 311/312 hazards

State Regulatory Status

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)

This material does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 1
 Flammability: 1
 Reactivity: 0

**HMIS Classification**

Health: 1
 Flammability: 1
 Physical Hazards: 0
 Personal Protection: B

HEALTH	1
FLAMMABILITY	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	B

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information and recommendations contained within this document are believed by PetroChoice to be accurate and reliable as of the date prepared. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and analysis and in no way guarantee the chemical specifications for the specified product. It is solely the responsibility of the user to determine safe conditions for use of this product and to assume liability for any loss, damage or expense arising out of the product's improper use. The user should consider the information in this document in the context of how the selected product will be handled and used in conjunction with other products. It is the user's responsibility to determine that the product is suitable for the intended use.

Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to all handlers and users. PetroChoice assumes no responsibility for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices within this document.

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