## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**





Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier	: Dyna-Plex 21C Sapphire Clean 1200	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Identified uses		
Not available.		
Supplier's details	: Miller Industrial Fluids, A PetroChoice Company 1751 W. Raymond Street Indianapolis, IN 46221 Tel.: (317) 634-7300 Fax: (317) 636-6761 Email: customerservice@millerif.com Web: www.petrochoice.com	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC, U.S. : 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7) Emergency phone : (317) 634-7300, After Hours: (CHEMTREC) Emergency email : customerservice@millerif.com Hours of operation : 8am – 5pm	

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
substance or mixture	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,
	have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: Mixture

Subst	ance/	mixture	
oubst	ancer	mature	

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number Product code	<ul><li>Not applicable.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>		
Ingredient name		%	CAS number
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated 2-Butoxyethanol Potassium hydroxide Sodium xylenesulphonate Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate		1 - 5 1 - 5 1 - 5 1 - 5 1 - 5 1 - 5	9016-45-9 111-76-2 1310-58-3 1300-72-7 7320-34-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO <sub>2</sub> .
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide Sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: No special measures are required.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	ive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eat drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before enter eating areas.	0,
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible mate (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not sto unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.	erials ep I

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

controls

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-Butoxyethanol Potassium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).         TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.         NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin.         TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours.         TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.         OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin.         TWA: 24 mg/m³ 8 hours.         TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.         TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.         ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).         CEIL: 2 mg/m³         NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).         TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours.         OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).         CEIL: 2 mg/m³

controls	local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

## Individual protection measures

<ul> <li>Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.</li> <li>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.</li> </ul>
: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
: Recommended: Chemical resistant gloves.
Recommended: Chemical resistant apron.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Blue.
Odor	1	Mild citrus.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	13 to 14
Melting point	1	0°C (32°F)
Boiling point	1	100°C (212°F)
Flash point	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	1.01
Solubility	1	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: moisture. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
Potassium hydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	273 mg/kg	-
Sodium xylenesulphonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	7200 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	Eyes - Severe irritant	Guinea pig	-	20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Mouse	-	20 mg	-
	Eves - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 15 mg Intermittent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eves - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Potassium hydroxide	Eves - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 1 mg	-
,	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 50 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	24 hours 50 mg	-

#### Sensitization

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-	A3	-	-

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

Information on the likely	: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Ingestion.
routes of exposure	

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics



## Section 11. Toxicological information

		-
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effe	cts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

CHECKS	
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

# Acute toxicity estimates Route ATE value Oral 4985.4 mg/kg Dermal 733.3 mg/kg Inhalation (vapors) 366.7 mg/L

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 12 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.23 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.148 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4700 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 35 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oryzias latipes - Fry	100 days
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2	Acute LC50 1000 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/L Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours

Tel: +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com

Dyna-Plex 21C Sapphire Cle				
Section 12. Ecc	ological information			
Potassium hydroxide	Acute LC50 80 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours	

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
Sodium xylenesulphonate	-3.12		low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN3266	UN3266	UN3266
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Potassium hydroxide) RQ (Potassium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Potassium hydroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Potassium hydroxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
Packing group	Ш		Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
<b>A</b>	Tel : +1-888-G	HS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (44	47-7767) <b>9/1</b>

Tel : +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com

		Dyna-Ple	ex 21C Sapphire Clean 1200
Section 14	. Transport informati	on	
Additional information	Reportable quantity 45454.5 lbs / 20636.4 kg [5397.6 gal / 20432 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.		
DOT-RQ Details	: Potassium hydroxi	le 1000 lbs / 454 kg	<b>AERG</b> : 154

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL		
73/78 and the IBC Code		

## Section 15. Regulatory information

J.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Nonylphenol, ethoxylated
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Potassium hydroxide; Sodium hydroxide
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: Immediate (acute) health hazard



## Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated 2-Butoxyethanol	1 - 5 1 - 5	No. Yes.	No. No.	No. No.	Yes. Yes.	No. No.
Potassium hydroxide	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Sodium xylenesulphonate	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Tetrapotassium pyrophosphate	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

#### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1 - 5
Supplier notification	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Potassium hydroxide	
New York	: The following components are listed: Potassium hydroxide	
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Potassium hydroxide	
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Potassium hydroxide	
<u>California Prop. 65</u>		
No products were found.		

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	01/15/2015
Version	1
Revised Section(s)	Not applicable.
Prepared by	KMK Regulatory Services Inc.
Key to abbreviations	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.