Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier: Dyna-Plex 21C Syn-Tek 535
Other means of identification: Not available.
Product type: Liquid.

Identified uses
Not available.

Supplier's details: Miller Industrial Fluids, A PetroChoice Company
1751 W. Raymond Street
Indianapolis, IN 46221
Tel.: (317) 634-7300
Fax: (317) 636-6761
Email: customerservice@millerif.com
Web: www.petrochoice.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation):
CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)
Emergency phone: (317) 634-7300, After Hours: (CHEMTREC)
Emergency email: customerservice@millerif.com
Hours of operation: 8am – 5pm

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture:
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Warning
Hazard statements: Causes serious eye irritation.
Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements
General: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Section 2. Hazards identification

Response:
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage: Not applicable.
Disposal: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers
CAS number: Not applicable.
Product code: Not available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Poloxalene</td>
<td>10 - 30</td>
<td>9003-11-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Amino-2-methylpropanol</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>124-68-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octanoic acid</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>124-07-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undecanedioic acid</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>1852-04-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecanedioic acid</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>693-23-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanolamine and triethanolamine borate</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>68512-53-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2',2''-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>4719-04-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl(dimethyliminio)-1,2-ethanediyl(dimethyliminio)-1,2-ethanediyl chloride]</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>31512-74-0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
iritation
redness
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments : No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.
Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**
No special measures are required.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**
Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**
If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

**Small spill**
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill**
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures**
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

None.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

Recommended: Oil impervious gloves.

**Body protection**

Recommended: Oil impermeable apron.

**Other skin protection**

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

**Physical state**

Liquid.

**Color**

Yellow.

**Odor**

Mild.

**Odor threshold**

Not available.

**pH**

8.5 to 9.5

**Melting point**

0°C (32°F)

**Boiling point**

100°C (212°F)

**Flash point**

Not available.

**Evaporation rate**

Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)**

Not available.

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**

Not available.

**Vapor pressure**

Not available.

**Vapor density**

Not available.

**Relative density**

1.02
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility: Miscible in water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.
Decomposition temperature: Not available.
Viscosity: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid: No specific data.
Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, metals and acids.
Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Amino-2-methylpropanol</td>
<td>LD50 Oral, LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat, Rabbit</td>
<td>2900 mg/kg, &gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octanoic acid</td>
<td>LD50 Oral, LD50 Dermal</td>
<td>Rat, Rabbit</td>
<td>1283 mg/kg, &gt;6000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecanedioic acid</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;763 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2',2''-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1850 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly[oxy-1,2-ethanediyl(dimethyliminio)-1,2-ethanediyl(dimethyliminio)-1,2-ethanediylchlordie]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Octanoic acid</td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours 500 mg, 0.1 mL</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecanedioic acid</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>EPA</th>
<th>NIOSH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2,2',2''-Nitrilotriethanol</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
Section 11. Toxicological information

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard
There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Dermal contact. Eye contact. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness
Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates
## Section 11. Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>ATE value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>108975.3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Octanoic acid</td>
<td>Acute IC50 144 mg/L</td>
<td>Algae - Magna</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2',2&quot;-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol</td>
<td>Acute LC50 110 mg/L</td>
<td>Fish - Brachydanio rerio</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl[dimethyliminio]-1,2-ethanediyl[dimethyliminio]-1,2-ethanediyl chloride)</td>
<td>Acute EC50 29.1 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 39 ppm Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Lepomis macrochirus</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 266 ppb Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 218 µg/L Fresh water</td>
<td>Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chronic NOEC 12 ppb Marine water</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>21 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Amino-2-methylpropanol</td>
<td>OECD 302B</td>
<td>50 % - Inherent - 28 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octanoic acid</td>
<td></td>
<td>70 % - 28 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Amino-2-methylpropanol</td>
<td>-0.63</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Octanoic acid</td>
<td>3.05</td>
<td>230 to 288</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecanedioic acid</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>3.162</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,2',2&quot;-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol</td>
<td>-2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>ow</sub>) | Not available. |

### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when
Section 13. Disposal considerations

recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT Classification</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental hazards</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AERG : Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations :
- TSCA 4(a) final test rules: 2,2',2''-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol
- TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
- Commerce control list precursor: 2,2',2''-Nitritotriethanol
- United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
- Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Sodium hydroxide

- Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed
- Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed
- Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed
Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients
No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Fire hazard</th>
<th>Sudden release of pressure</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
<th>Immediate (acute) health hazard</th>
<th>Delayed (chronic) health hazard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Octanoic acid</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undecanedioic acid</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodecanedioic acid</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethanolamine and triethanolamine borate 2,2',2''-(Hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl) triethanol</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>Yes.</td>
<td>No.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 313
No products were found.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: 2,2',2''-Nitrilotriethanol; 2-Amino-2-methylpropanol
New York : None of the components are listed.
New Jersey : The following components are listed: 2,2',2''-Nitrilotriethanol; 2-Amino-2-methylpropanol
Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: 2,2',2''-Nitrilotriethanol; 2-Amino-2-methylpropanol
California Prop. 65 : The following components are listed: 2,2',2''-Nitrilotriethanol; 2-Amino-2-methylpropanol

Section 16. Other information

History
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 08/30/2015
Version : 1
Revised Section(s) : Not applicable.
Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.
Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
UN = United Nations
Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader
To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.